ESOREX-Platform: European Platform for Occupational Radiation Exposures

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Introduction: context and motivation

ESOREX (European Study on Occupational Radiation Exposure) Project initiated by the European Commission in 1997

- Overview on national arrangements for radiation worker’s monitoring, dose reporting and recording
- European database on occupational exposure
- First attempt to harmonise data collection
  - Common data reporting format
  - Categorisation of professional work activities

⇒ A recommendation to develop a sustainable Platform emerged during the last ESOREX Symposium in Prague, May 2010
Main objectives of the ESOREX-Platform project

3-years European project (Dec. 2012 - Dec. 2015) funded by the EC
Contractor = IRSN, France

- To develop a Platform which allow representatives from national dose registries and dosimetry services to discuss emerging issues, assess dose trends and exchange experience

- To establish working relationships with other relevant international organisations and bodies (in particular with UNSCEAR, HERCA, IAEA, NEA, EURADOS)

- To develop appropriate mechanisms and establish the appropriate infrastructure to enable the sustainable continuation of operation of the ESOREX platform beyond the 3-years project, without further European Commission financial support
Database: national arrangements (1)

- 9 relevant ‘regulatory topics’ have been retained
  - Identification of the national competent authority
  - Description of the national legislative framework
    - Main texts of the national regulation
    - Provisions more stringent than the Directive EURATOM
  - Organization of the national dose register
    - National body responsible for national statistics
    - Type of recorded data
    - Access to the register data
    - ...
  - Description of the implementation of radiation passbook
  - Approved dosimetry services
  - Description of the techniques or procedures used for individual monitoring
    - external exposure
    - internal exposure (including committed dose calculation)
    - aircrew exposure
Database : results and trends of exposure

List of the main parameters considered into the database

- **Country**
  - all countries participating in the platform, not limited

- **Year of exposure**
  - annual data (> 2010)

- **Type of exposure and related dosimetric quantities**
  - whole body (external (γ+β), external (neutron), internal committed dose, and effective dose = sum of the 3)
    - skin
    - extremities
    - lens of the eye

- **Field, sector or subsector of activity**

- **Occupation**
  - More representative occupations of each sector/subsector

- **Parameters of exposure**
  - collective dose
  - average dose per caput
  - number of workers
Data for activities and occupations

- A unique list for activities and occupations of interest including fields, sectors, subsectors, occupations

- 7 main activity fields have been retained
  - Medical field
  - Industry (without nuclear industry)
  - Nuclear field
  - Transport
  - Research and education
  - Natural sources
  - Other fields

- In each field of activity, relevant sectors and subsectors have been listed and relevant occupations in these sectors/subsectors have been retained
  - to limiting the complexity of the matrix
  - to focusing on the main situations for which workers are generally more exposed
### Example for the medical field

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Subsector</th>
<th>Occupation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical field</td>
<td>Diagnostic radiology</td>
<td></td>
<td>Physician (diag. radiology)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Radiographer (diag. radiology)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Interventional radiology</td>
<td></td>
<td>Physician (cardio./interv. radiologist)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nurse (interv. radiology)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Radiographer (interv. radiology)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiotherapy</td>
<td></td>
<td>Teletherapy only</td>
<td>Physician (nucl. med diag)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Teletherapy + brachytherapy</td>
<td>Nurse (nucl. med diag)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Radiographer (nucl. med diag)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nuclear medicine</td>
<td></td>
<td>Diagnostic unit only</td>
<td>Physician (nucl. med)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nurse (nucl. med)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Radiographer (nucl. med)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Therapeutic/diagnostic unit</td>
<td>Physician (nucl. med)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Nurse (nucl. med)</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Radiographer (nucl. med)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dental radiology</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterinary units</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Other medical activities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Monitored workers and collective dose per field

Country  
All countries

Year  
2013

Apply

Monitored workers per field

Collective dose per field (man.Sv)
Monitored and exposed workers per countries

Year
2012

Workers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Monitored workers</th>
<th>Exposed workers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>400k</td>
<td>100k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>500k</td>
<td>200k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>50k</td>
<td>30k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>50k</td>
<td>10k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ireland</td>
<td>5k</td>
<td>2k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slovenia</td>
<td>5k</td>
<td>3k</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Average individual dose per countries and average values over all countries

Year
2012

Average dose (mSv)

France
Germany
Greece
Switzerland
Ireland
Slovenia

Avg dose / monitored workers (mSv)
Avg dose / exposed workers (mSv)
Avg value / exposed workers (over all countries)
Avg value / monitored workers (over all countries)
Conclusion

ESOREX-Platform:
A new tool dedicated to occupational exposures has been developed

- It is NOT ONLY a database
- BUT ALSO a forum for exchange of experience
- Web based competence center for national practices of ORP in Europe
- Network for central dose registers and regulatory bodies

Its sustainability will depend on the support of the national competent authorities in Europe and on the involvement of the end-users