# Arduino controlled sample positioning stage and automatic data acquisition using OMDAQ3

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### Introduction

In this work a simple, effective and low-cost system is described for actuating a stepper-motor driven x-y stage based on an Arduino Nano board together with a multi axis digital stepper driver module (Geckodrive G540) with commanded positioning and automatic data acquisition under OMDAQ3 environment.





### Hardware



#### Arduino Nano board

USB connection port:

- any type of computer; no need for internal bus cards DB25 connector:
- Connection to the stepper-motor power driver 3D printed box:
- accommodates both the Arduino board and the DB25 male connector (robustness and ease of connection)





### **Stepper-motor driver**

Geckodrive G540

- Controls up to 4 stepper motors
- DB9 output connector to stepper motors
- DB25 input/output connector
- Power from external PSU (18–50 V; 3.5 A máx.)
- Short circuit, overvoltage and overcurrent protection

#### **OMDAQ3** interface

- DAQ3 built-in capabilities allow modifying DLL source code for adapting to users motor control interface (allows controlling a system with up to 6 degrees of freedom – 3 translations and 3 rotations).
- Offers USB communication support from PC to Arduino I/O port.
- DAQ3 "hardware options" window allows providing communication parameters (I/O port, baud rate and handshake) together with the definition of motion parameters (e.g. minimum) displacement).



- Programmed runs using an EXCEL CSV script file for defining stage to move, scan type (e.g. full scan, point) and data acquisition presets (e.g. time, spectrum count).



#### Motorized x,y stage

- 50 mm dislocation amplitude both in x and y

- 4 phase stepper motors RS 318-711 (wired as 2 phase, rating: 12 V, 0.24 A/phase w/ 240  $\Omega$  limiting resistor across pins 1 and 5 of DB9 connector)



## Application

The hardware/software combined system previously shown was used in our external beam setup ( $1 \times 1$  mm<sup>2</sup> exit nozzle window dimensions) for the irradiation of easel painting coupons containing lead white pigments with different binders and supports. The experiment and further analysis required sample irradiated areas of 8×8 mm<sup>2</sup> with accurate measurement of accumulated beam charge per unit area in order to determine exposure thresholds for preventing beam induced damage

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- C++ code compiled using Embarcadero's C++ Builder 10.3.3 Community Edition for obtaining a DLL file (must be named OmXyzDII.dll to be recognized by OMDAQ-3).

XYZ control panel: 6dof XYZ control panel: 6dof X 49.999900 Y 19.999966 Foc 0.00000	Arrows Direct Entry Memory Previous runs Move to (mm) X 50 Y 20 Use Z Z 0 Go there 1 mm / s

#### **Arduino Board Initialization and operation**

- Use of modified Arduino open-source libraries
- Waits receiving a string with motion parameters: "Xd Xs Yd Ys"

That considers 2 linear stages each of them with movement direction (d) and number of steps (s).

- Sends to G540, motor direction bit and (s) pulses (digital outputs).
- Gets 'flag' from G540 signalling end-of-segment (motion)





- Ion beam irradiation alteration test on a lead white pigment (lead carbonate form) with an egg yolk binder and painted on canvas. - 2 MeV proton beam – tested fluences: 0.1  $\mu$ C/cm<sup>2</sup>, 1  $\mu$ C/cm<sup>2</sup> and 10  $\mu$ C/cm<sup>2</sup>, - Irradiated area 8x8 mm<sup>2</sup>.

- A low cost, off-the-shelf solution for motorized x,y stage control is devised and provided.

- Rewritten DLL and integration with OMDAQ3 environment using "universal" USB communications with Arduino Nano board.
- System tested for accurate exposure of painting test coupons.

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